



ESCUELA DE ENFERMERÍA
FACULTAD DE MEDICINA

ARRIVAL GUIDE



Cerro Santa Lucía, Santiago de Chile
[@santiagoadicto](#)

Badge pick-up

Welcome! These are the dates, times, and places where event badges will be handed out

November 5th, 08:30 to 19:00 Alameda 440, Santiago (Edificio Patio Alameda, first level)

November 6th, 08:00 to 18:00 Alameda 390, Santiago (Centro de Extensión UC Chile)

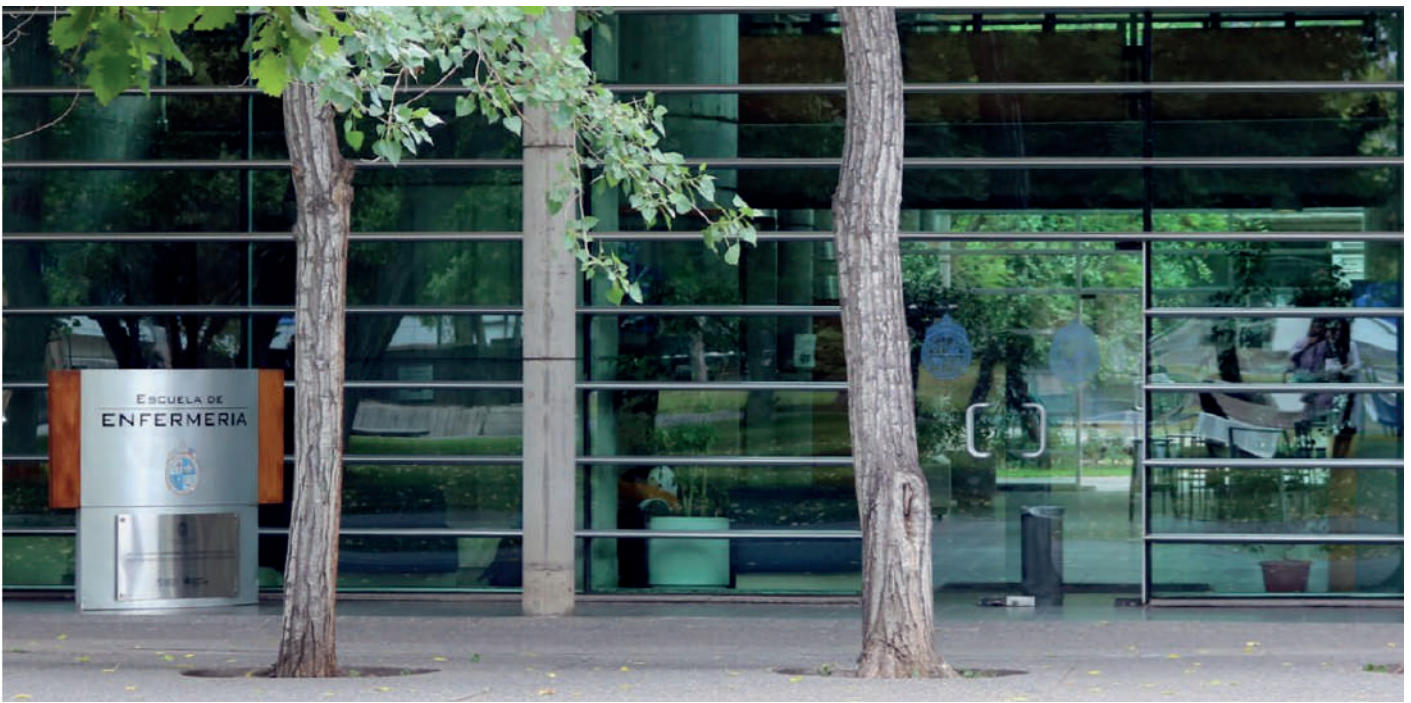
November 7th, 08:00 to 13:00 Alameda 390, Santiago (Centro de Extensión UC Chile)

Welcome to **UC Chile**

We are thrilled to have you all coming to our University. This guide will provide helpful information about Chile and its different places.

We are looking forward to meeting you soon.





About **Escuela de Enfermería UC**

The UC Chile School of Nursing was founded in 1950, has trained nurses and nurse midwives who provide professional services through direct care and service management, which contribute to promoting healthy lifestyles, preventing illnesses and injuries, and maintaining and restoring health in individuals, families, and communities.



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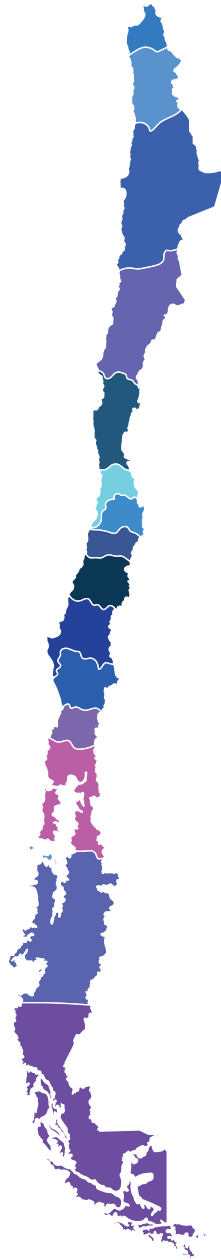
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About Chile

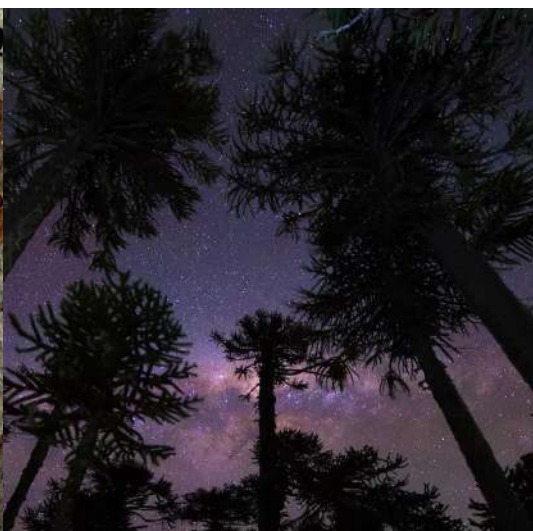
Chile has a population of more than 18 million. The largest cities in Chile are Santiago, Concepción and Valparaíso.

Due to Chile's geography, it has a large range of climates. In the north, the climate is dry and warm. There you can find the Atacama Desert, the most arid desert and annually receives less rain than anywhere else in the world.

The central regions of the country have a temperate climate with well-defined seasons and in the south the weather is rainy and can get very cold.

Santiago is Chile's capital and the largest city in the country with a population of more than 6 million. The city is bordered by the Andes Mountains to the east, which make it unique and beautiful. Santiago is about an hour away from ski centers and about one hour and a half from coastal cities like Valparaíso and Viña del Mar.

■ Arica y Parinacota	■ Maule
■ Tarapacá	■ Biobio
■ Antofagasta	■ Araucanía
■ Atacama	■ Los Ríos
■ Coquimbo	■ Los Lagos
■ Valparaíso	■ Aysén
■ Santiago	■ Magallanes
■ O'Higgins	



About Chile

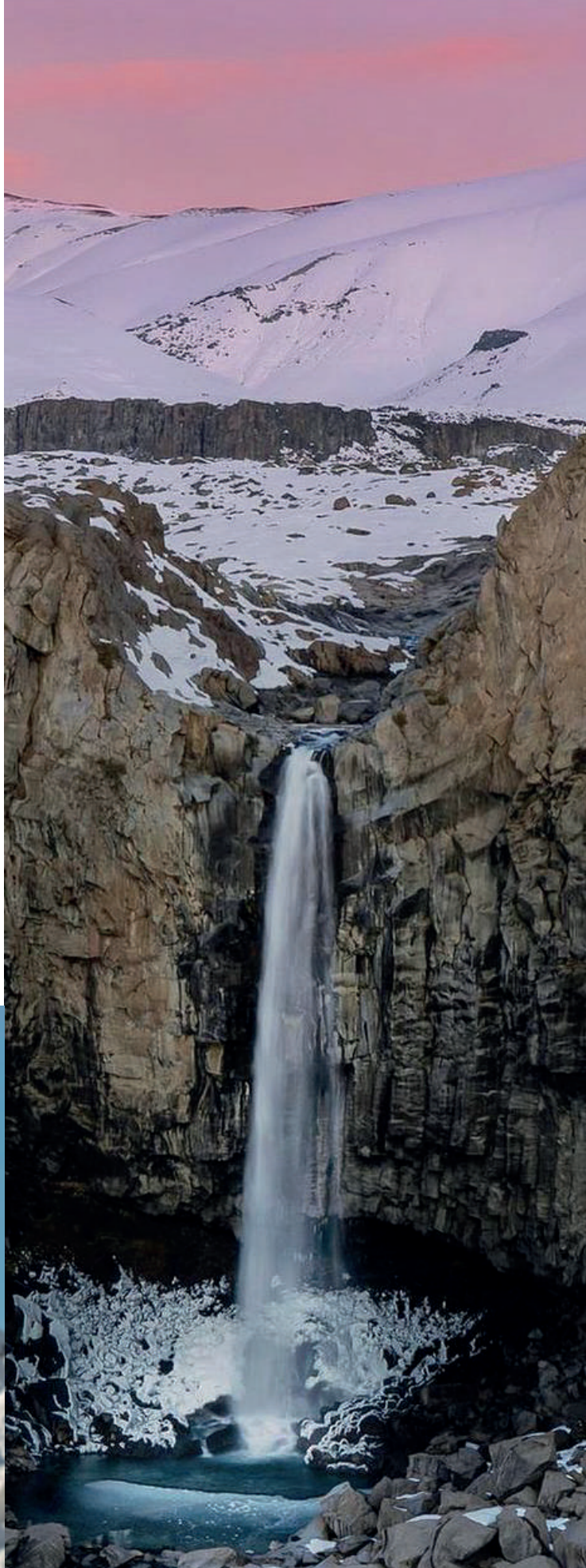
In Santiago there are parks with very beautiful green-areas like Parque Forestal in Providencia, Parque Bicentenario in Vitacura, and Parque Araucano in Las Condes.

Additionally, from the top of an inner-city hill called Cerro San Cristobal, you can see the entire eastern zone of the city.

We recommend to visit the following neighborhoods: Bellavista (thriving nightlife), Barrio Lastarria, Providencia and Barrio Italia. Santiago also houses an important cultural and historical legacy, offering an important number of museums and bohemian neighborhoods to visit.

If you are looking forward to learn about Chilean traditions and culture, you should visit the following museums:

- Museo de Bellas Artes.
- Museo Nacional de Historia Natural.
- Museo de la Memoria.
- Museo de Historia Precolombina.
- Casa Museo La Chascona.
- Museo de Artes Visuales.
- Centro Cultural Gabriela Mistral.
- La Moneda Presidential Palace.



Transportation

Santiago is a generally safe city. However, take the same precautions with your belongings that you would in any other metropolitan city. Additionally, there are several areas where additional precautions should be taken at night (Santiago Centro, Barrio Brasil, Yungay and anywhere in Western Santiago).

URBAN BUSES:

The bus system is called RED o "MICRO" although before March 2019 the name was TRANSANTIAGO. We recommend you to visit the Transantiago/RED website (www.Red.cl) to plan your route beforehand. We also suggest downloading the app BUS CHECKER or Moovit. These apps will help you know the fastest way to reach your destination. The bus costs no more than \$800 Chilean pesos per trip.

METRO (SUBWAY):

Santiago's Metro is the most efficient and fast way to go around the city. It is clean, cheap, frequent and safe. But it is often overcrowded at peak hours. The cost of a peak hour trip on the metro is CLP\$850 (USD1) per ride.

The metro system has seven lines, Line 1 (the red one) is the main line of the Metro system, and it runs under Santiago's main avenue that travels west to east. The Metro operates from 6am to 11pm Monday through Saturday and 8:30am to 10:30pm on Sundays and national holidays. More info at www.metro.cl.

Switching between lines has zero cost, and changing from Metro to bus, bus to bus or bus to Metro has usually zero cost as well. For the cost of one ride, you can take up to 2 different transportation options within a 2-hour time





Red de Metro

Metro Network

- 1 San Pablo - Los Dominicos
- 2 Hospital El Pino - Vespucio Norte
- 3 Plaza Quilicura - Fernando Castillo Velasco
- 4 Plaza de Puente Alto - Tobalaba
- 4A La Cisterna - Vicuña Mackenna
- 5 Plaza de Maipú - Vicente Valdés
- 6 Cerrillos - Los Leones

Estación
Station

Estación Terminal
Terminal station

Proyecto en construcción
Project under construction

Combinación líneas
Interchange stations

Transbordo tren
Train transfer

Transbordo buses interurbanos
Transfer to interurban buses

Bus al aeropuerto
Bus to airport

Intermodal
Bus transfer

Oficina atención al cliente
Customer service office

Línea de tren
Train

Línea 0
Line 0

Bicicleteiros
Bike racks

U Invertidas
Inverted U

metro.cl

600 600 92 92

Metro de Santiago - Chile

@metrodesantiago

@metrodesantiago

App Metro de Santiago Oficial



Transportation

TAXIS:

Taxis are available always in Santiago and they are everywhere. The taxis here are black with a yellow roof.

The taximeter shows the cost of the trip and we recommended that you ask previously for an approximation of the trip cost to the desired destination.

Late night fares are usually twice the day price. It is not customary to tip taxi drivers in Chile. To avoid potentially fraudulent activity (such as overcharging for being a foreigner) we advise you to use one of the following rideshare apps; Safertaxi, Easytaxi, Cabify or UBER.

Emergency numbers

- a) 131 - Ambulance Urgency Service (24 hours)
- b) 132 - Firefighters
- c) 133 - Police
- d) 1406 - Santiago Security
- e) 1402 - Las Condes Security

There is also a mobile app called SoSafe which is a system that allows you to send emergency alerts and communicate them directly to police or the guards of that specific district. This way you can request for help in emergency situations (e.g. theft, assault, health problems, among others).

Don't show cellphones, laptops, iPads, etc, on buses or the subway. Always have your BIP! card charged.

IMPORTANT

You have to make photocopies and have a digitalized copy of: Your passport and/or ID card, especially the page with your details and the pages with the entries by Chile immigration. Your insurance policy.



Stay Connected

PHONE CALLS

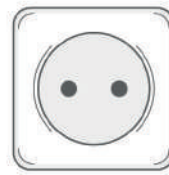
The country code for Chile is 569, the city code for Santiago is 2. The telephone numbers are usually 8 digits. After arrival in the country, the use of the country code is not required.

PHONE CARDS, CHIPS

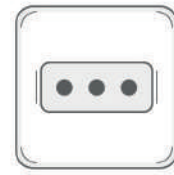
Due to regulations, Chilean phone companies require all IMEI's to be registered to use local sim cards. Since the program has a short duration, it may not be possible to complete all the necessary steps to register your phone's IMEI. Some people have been able to buy a sim card without problem, but we cannot guarantee that your phone will be compatible with the system. We suggest purchasing an international mobile plan before arriving to Chile or a e-sim card.

WARNINGS AND PRACTICAL ADVICE

Electric power in Chile is 220V. If you plug an electronic device designed for 110V, you will burn your electrical device. Two types of outlets are used in Chile:



Tipo C



Tipo L



LOCAL CURRENCY

In Chile you can usually pay with credit, debit and cash. However, many small businesses only accept cash, especially outside of Greater Santiago. The note available are the \$1.000, \$2.000, \$5.000, \$10.000 and \$20.000 pesos bills.

Normally, no store or business will accept foreign currency. ATMs are easy to find in Chile, however, will charge a fee of \$3,000 to \$6,000 CLP (5-10\$ US) every time you withdraw cash from an account of a foreign bank. ATMs are accessible 24 hours at all banks. Many pharmacies, supermarkets and gas stations also have ATMs, however without 24-hour access.



This symbol stands for an ATM.

US\$ 1= approximately \$950 Chilean pesos.

In addition to paying with bills you can also pay with coins. There are four different coins in Chile worth \$10, \$50, \$100 and \$500 pesos.

Security tips

Although Chile is one of the safest countries in South America, we recommend that you take certain precautions.

EARTHQUAKES OR SEISMIC ACTIVITY

In the event of an earthquake, students, teachers, and others should remain inside the classroom, following the instructions to bend over and cover themselves under the nearest table during the earthquake. Once finished, the room will be evacuated to a safety zone.

EMERGENCIES ON THE UC CAMPUS

In the event of an emergency or accident, call from a cellphone to (+56)9550 45000 or inform the reception of the nearest building to receive first aid. Then it will be determined if you need to receive medical help, for which you will be transferred to the nearest assistance center according to your health plan or insurance.

HEALTH CENTERS IN SANTIAGO

Clínica San Carlos de Apoquindo, Camino El Alba 12407, Las Condes.

Hospital Clínico, Marcoleta 367, Santiago.

Edificio Médico Alcántara, Av. Apoquindo 3990, Las Condes.

Centro de Diagnóstico Bilbao, Av. Francisco Bilbao 4144, Las Condes - Local 130

Centro Médico Escuela Militar, Av. Américo Vespucio Sur 100, Piso 3, Las Condes.

Centro Médico Irarrázaval, Av. Irarrázaval 4949, Ñuñoa

Centro Médico Lira, Lira 85, Santiago

Centro Médico Providencia, Av. Andrés Bello 2299, Piso 3 y 4, Providencia

Centro Médico San Jorge, Nevería 4444, Las Condes

Centro Médico Marcoleta, Marcoleta 352, Santiago

Centro Médico San Joaquín, Av. Vicuña Mackenna 4686, piso 1, San Joaquín.

Centro Médico Santa Lucía, Alameda 420, Santiago



Security tips

1. Don't wear jewelry when going downtown or to crowded places.
2. Always be aware of your personal belongings and don't lose sight of them.
3. Never carry too much cash with you, just enough for the day.
4. Don't take drinks from strangers or accept any free drinks.
5. Don't buy the first thing that you see, compare price elsewhere.
6. Don't take a cab alone at night.
7. Make sure you have a copy of all the documents and leave the originals in a safe place.

